WATER IONISER



mod. CLASSIC, SILVER

CE TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION AND USER MANUAL



PATENT NO. 2002102394

1. GENERAL DEFINITIONS

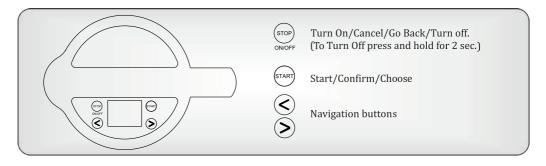
1.1. The following definitions are used in the instruction:

- 1. 1. 1. Water ioniser is a household appliance, in which ionised or silvered water is produced by water electrolysis.
- 1. 1. 2. **Ionised water** acidic or alkaline water, which is simultaneously obtained in separate containers of the water ioniser.
- 1. 1. 3. Alkaline water (catholyte) has a slight negative electrical charge and alkaline properties.
- 1. 1. 4. Acidic water (anolyte) has a slight positive electrical charge and acidic properties.
- 1. 1. 5. **Partition (membrane)** is produced from special material suitable for electrolysis. It divides containers in two parts, it is conductive to the ions but prevents water from mixing.
- 1. 1. 6. **The dark electrode (anode)** is produced by using rare inert metals and oxide mixtures on the titanium base. This electrode has good electrochemical and physical-mechanical properties.
- 1. 1. 7. **Silvered water** is water containing silver ions. Concentration of silvered water is measured in milligrams per liter (mg/l).
- 1. 1. 8. Properties of ionised water are characterised by 2 indexes: **ORP** (oxidation reduction potential) and **pH** (hydrogen index).**ORP** is characterised by positive or negative charges (mV) that charge ionised water. **pH** values can fluctuate between 0 to 14 units. Potable water is neutral (**pH** is about 7.0-7,4). **pH** of alkaline water fluctuates from 7,0 to 12,0 while **pH** of acidic water is from 7 to 2.

2. COMPONENTS



3. CONTROL PANEL



4. USING THE DEVICE

4.1. IONISATION OF WATER







Place the cover on the main receptacle.

Note: during the ionisation process,
acidic water will always be produced by
dark electrode (anode) and alkaline
water by light electrode (cathode).





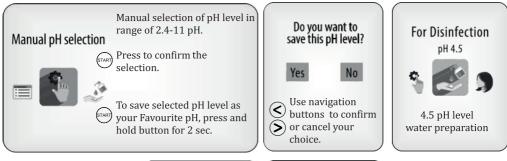








Settings



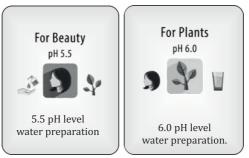


Table 1. Ionised water ORP level

Chosen pH level		ORP level	Which receptacle contains water	
From	То		Inner	Main
		ACIDIC WATER		
2.4	3.2	1200	✓	
3.4	4.2	900	✓	
4.4	5.2	800	✓	
5.4	6.2	750	✓	
6.4	6.8	650	✓	
		ALKALINE WATER		
8.0	8.4	-150		√
8.6	9.0	-250		✓
9.2	9.5	-450		√
9.6	10.4	-850	✓	
10.6	11	-1000	✓	

This data is based on research results of the CENTER FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY with tap water: temperature of +18°C, conductivity of 550 μ S/cm and pH level of 7.4. pH and ORP values of the processed water may vary from the data presented above due to physical and chemical properties of the water used.

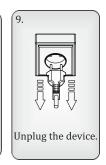


Water with your chosen pH level is being prepared. White line indicates ionisation process stage.



once the ionisation process is finished.
Screen will indicate which receptacle contains water of your chosen pH level.









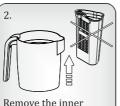
First, remove water from the inner receptacle. Then, from the main receptacle.



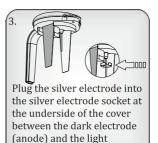
Note: pour out the produced water when ionising it for the first time.

4.2. SILVERING OF WATER (mod. Silver)





Remove the inner receptacle. The inner receptacle is not used in silvering process.

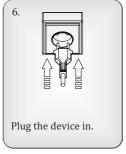


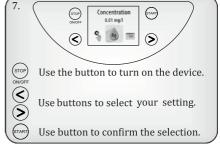
electrode (cathode).

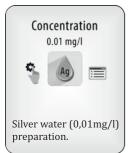


level mark.











Manual selection of silver water concentration.
When using tap water, choice is available between 0.02mg/l to 20mg/l.
When using distilled purified water, choice is available between 0.02mg/l to 6 mg/l.

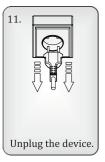






appear on the screen.





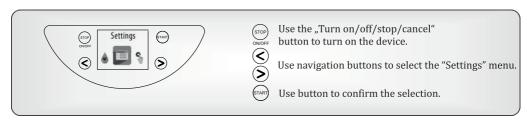




Note: pour out the produced water when silvering it for the first time.

Based on the recommendations of the World Health Organization (WHO/SDE/WSH /03.04 / 14) silver concentration in drinking water should not exceed 0,1 mg/l. Silver water concentration values are approved by tests made in CENTER FOR PHYSICAL SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY. Distilled/purified water (1-2 μ S/cm) is used, if the silver water will be used for drinking. Higher inaccuracy is possible when using higher distillation/purification water.

5. SETTINGS MENU





screen brightness.







Have you cleaned









6. MAINTENANCE OF ELECTRODES

Note: Maintenance of electrodes must be done after the device is unplugged from the electricity socket.

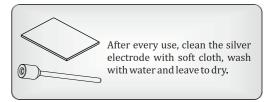
Maintenance of the light electrode (cathode).



Maintenance of the dark electrode (anode).



Maintenance of the silver electrode.

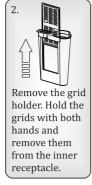


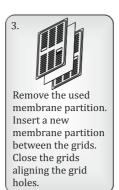
7. MAINTENANCE OF THE MEMBRANE PARTITION

Note: membrane partition has to be changed only when the device is unplugged from the electricity socket.

Changing of the membrane partition:











8. OPERATING MODES AND ERRORS



Low mineral content

Not enough water or water is not suitable for ionisation process due to low mineralisation or due to obsolete membrane partition.



High mineral content

Water is not suitable for ionisation process because of too high mineralisation.



Device overheated

The device is not suitable to function non-stop for so long. Turn off the device and leave it to cool down.



Close the Cover

The cover has not been closed properly. Close the cover properly.

Move inner receptacle to the other side

Turn off and unplug the device. Place inner receptacle to the other side of the main receptacle.



Too much water

There is too much water in the device. The water level should be at the bottom level mark.



Apply silver electrode

Not enough water or silver electrode is not plugged in.

9. TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Parameters	Values			
Capacity	31			
Power supply voltage	230 V			
AC frequency	50 Hz			
Fuses	2 A			
Silver electrode	99,99			
Maximum power consumption:				
-Ionisation of water	320 W			
- Silvering of water	10 W			
Weight of the device	1,2 kg			
Operating conditions:				
- Ambient temperature	From +5 $^{\circ}$ C to +40 $^{\circ}$ C			
-Relative air humidity	Up to 80% at +25 ℃			
-Electrical conductivity of the water used	100 - 2000 μS/cm (64-900 ppm)			
-Initial temperature of the water used	Up to +25 °C			
-IP rating	IP54			
-Do not dispose of with common household waste	×			

10. SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

10. 1. Do not:

- 10. 1. 1. Remove the cover from the bottom receptacle when the device is plugged in.
- 10. 1. 2. Keep the device near an open flame or equipment that emits sparks.
- 10. 1. 3. Disassemble the device.
- 10. 1. 4. Leave the cover with the electrodes facing up.
- 10. 1. 5. Wash the cover with water.
- 10. 1. 6. Wash the device or its parts in a dishwasher.
- 10. 1. 7. Use the device, if there are cracks or other mechanical damages.
- 10. 1. 8. Use the device if the dark electrode (anode) is mechanically damaged.
- 10. 1. 9. Use membrane partitions other than those supplied by the manufacturer of the device.
- **10.2.** Keep the device away from children and do not leave it unattended.

11. WARRANTY

- 11.1. Warranty period: 24 months from the date of sale, if users comply with the requirements of this instruction manual.
- 11.2. If your device requires repair during the warranty period, deliver it to the store it was purchased from or to the manufacturer.
- 11. 3. The warranty shall not apply if the device or its parts were damaged mechanically, the user attempted to disassemble, repair it or used it in a way that does not comply with the requirements of this instruction manual.
- 11. 4. LCD display (screen) warranty is applied only if 3 or more pixels are inactive.

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WARRANTY'S INFORMATION

Sales date:	(year	/	month	/ /	day)
Stamp:							
Signature:							